
SoSpaCATpy

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This package is a python implementation of the Social-spatial Community Assignment Test (SoSpCAT).

SoSpCAT is a method to quantify the spatial signal present in social group structures.

**CHAPTER
ONE**

INSTALLATION

The package can be installed from the Python Package Index:

```
pip install sospcat
```

or directly from git with:

```
pip install git+https://github.com/j-i-l/sospcatpy.git
```

**CHAPTER
TWO**

EXAMPLE

to do

SOSPCAT

The module exposes the functions `get_social_groups()` and `compare_soc_spat()`.

`get_social_groups()` is defined in `sospcat.social` as `sospcat.social.get_groups()`.

`compare_soc_spat()` is defined in `sospcat.compare` as `sospcat.compare.social.social_vs_spatial()`.

compare_soc_spat (`node_locations`, `soc_membership`, `**kwargs`)

This method relies on the `homogeneity_completeness_v_measure()` method from the `sklearn.metrics` package.

See also:

V-Measure:

A conditional entropy-based external cluster evaluation measure

Andrew Rosenberg and Julia Hirschberg, 2007

<http://acl.ldc.upenn.edu/D/D07/D07-1043.pdf>

Parameters

- `node_locations` (`dict(int, tuple)`) – Specify for each node (key) its position (value) in the form of a (x, y) tuple.
- `soc_membership` (`dict`) – Holds for each node (key) the social group affiliation (value).
- `**kwargs` – All keyword arguments forwarded to `spatial.get_groups()`

Returns homogeneity, completeness, v-measure – Homogeneity, completeness and v-measure as computed by the `homogeneity_completeness_v_measure()`.

Return type `tuple`

get_social_groups (`a_graph`, `method='component_infomap'`, `return_form='membership'`)

Return the grouping of the provided graph object using the specified method. The grouping is returned as a list of sets each holding all members of a group.

Parameters

- `a_graph` (`igraph.Graph`) – The graph to partition
- `method` (`str (default='component_infomap')`) – String specifying which method to use. If two methods should be used one after the other they should be separated by `_`. Default: ‘component_infomap’ which will first consider all disconnected components as groups then apply infomap on all of those groups to optionally further split.

- **return_form** (`str (default='membership')`) – Determines the format of how the social group structure should be returned. Options are:
 - 'membership': A list returning for each *index* node the group it belongs to.
 - 'memberlists': Dictionary with a list of members *value* for each group *key*.

Returns

Depending on what was chosen for the *return_form* attribute, either the membership dict, i.e.:

```
{  
    node_id: group_id,  
    ...  
}
```

or the memberlist dict, i.e.:

```
{  
    group_id: [node1_id, node2_id, ...],  
    ...  
}
```

(value) is returned.

Return type `dict`

3.1 Submodules

3.1.1 sospcat.compare

Module holding functions for a quantitative comparison of groupings

social_vs_spatial (`node_locations, soc_membership, **kwargs`)

This method relies on the `homogeneity_completeness_v_measure()` method from the `sklearn.metrics` package.

See also:

V-Measure:

A conditional entropy-based external cluster evaluation measure

Andrew Rosenberg and Julia Hirschberg, 2007

<http://acl.ldc.upenn.edu/D/D07/D07-1043.pdf>

Parameters

- **node_locations** (`dict (int, tuple)`) – Specify for each node (key) its position (value) in the form of a (x, y) tuple.
- **soc_membership** (`dict`) – Holds for each node (key) the social group affiliation (value).
- ****kwargs** – All keyword arguments forwarded to `spatial.get_groups()`

Returns `homogeneity, completeness, v-measure` – Homogeneity, completeness and v-measure as computed by the `homogeneity_completeness_v_measure()`.

Return type `tuple`

3.1.2 sospcat.social

This module defines the methods for social community detection.

get_groups (*a_graph*, *method='component_infomap'*, *return_form='membership'*)

Return the grouping of the provided graph object using the specified method. The grouping is returned as a list of sets each holding all members of a group.

Parameters

- **a_graph** (*igraph.Graph*) – The graph to partition
- **method** (*str* (*default='component_infomap'*)) – String specifying which method to use. If two methods should be used one after the other they should be separated by `_`. Default: ‘component_infomap’ which will first consider all disconnected components as groups then apply infomap on all of those groups to optionally further split.
- **return_form** (*str* (*default='membership'*)) – Determines the format of how the social group structure should be returned. Options are:
 - ‘membership’: A list returning for each *index* node the group it belongs to.
 - ‘memberlists’: Dictionary with a list of members *value* for each group *key*.

Returns

Depending on what was chosen for the *return_form* attribute, either the membership dict, i.e.:

```
{
    node_id: group_id,
    ...
}
```

or the memberlist dict, i.e.:

```
{
    group_id: [node1_id, node2_id, ...],
    ...
}
```

(*value*) is returned.

Return type *dict*

3.1.3 sospcat.spatial

Module to define the spatial based partitioning

get_groups (*node_locations*, *nbr_clusters*, *return_form='membership'*, *random_state=None*, ***kwargs*)

Perform k-means clustering on the provided node locations.

Parameters

- **node_locations** (*dict*) – Specify for each node (key) its position (value) in the form of a tuple, (*x*, *y*).
- **nbr_clusters** (*int*) – The number of clusters to find.
- **return_form** (*str* (*default='membership'*)) – Determines the format of how the social group structure should be returned. Options are:
 - ‘membership’: A *dict* returning for each node (key) the group it belongs to (*value*).

- 'memberlists': Dictionary with a list of members (value) for each group (key).
- **random_state** (*int, RandomState instance, default=None*) – Determines random number generation for centroid initialization. Use an int to make the randomness deterministic.
- ****kwargs** – All keyword arguments forwarded to `sklearn.cluster.KMeans`.

Returns

Depending on what was chosen for the `return_form` attribute, either the membership dict, i.e.:

```
{  
    node_id: group_id,  
    ...  
}
```

or the memberlist dict, i.e.:

```
{  
    group_id: [node1_id, node2_id, ...],  
    ...  
}
```

(value) is returned.

Return type `dict`

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FOUR**

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